

Motivation

Investigate rep-finiteness of $\text{End}_A(A \oplus M)$

- $K = \bar{K}$: field
- A : f.d. K -alg
- $D(-) := \text{Hom}_K(-, K)$

$\text{mod } A$: The cat of f.f. right A -modules
 $T(A) := A \ltimes DA$: The trivial extension alg of A .

Def

Gendo-symmetric alg Λ over A is $\text{End}_A(A \oplus M)$ where A : symm alg
 M : A -module.

Q. When is a gendo-sym alg rep-fin?

Rem Gendo-symm Λ over A is rep-fin \Rightarrow symm alg A is rep-fin.

* Rep-fin symm alg is the following cases.

- Brauer tree alg
- Modified Brauer tree alg
- Rep-fin triv ext alg *In this talk.*

Prop [Happel, Riedtmann.]

$T(A)$ is rep-fin $\Leftrightarrow \exists$ Dynkin quiver $\overrightarrow{\Delta}$ s.t. $A \stackrel{\text{der}}{\sim} K \overrightarrow{\Delta}$

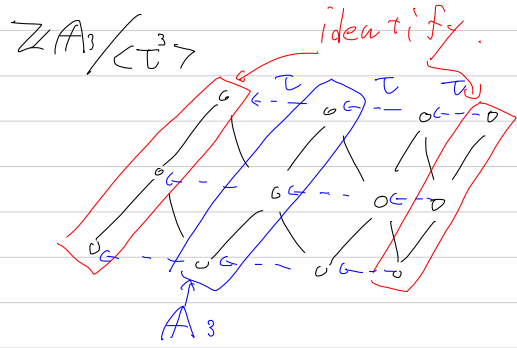
In the case,

stable AR-quiver of $T(A)$

$$\text{st } \Gamma(\text{mod } T(A)) \cong \mathbb{Z} \overrightarrow{\Delta} / \langle \tau^{|\overrightarrow{\Delta}| - 1} \rangle$$

coxeter number

Ex $\Delta = A_3 = 0 \rightarrow 0 \rightarrow 0$



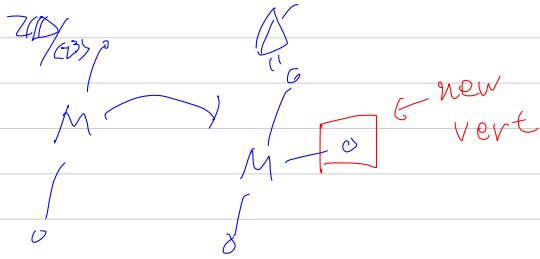
Thm [Aihara-Chan-H]

A : alg s.t. $A \stackrel{\text{der}}{\sim} K\overline{\Delta}$ where $\overline{\Delta}$ is Dynkin quiver.

M : ind non-proj $T(A)$ -module.

$\Lambda := \text{End}_{T(A)}(T(A) \oplus M)$: Gendo alg

Define Δ' as the diagram given by extending Δ at the vertex corresp to M in $\mathbb{Z}\overline{\Delta}/K$



\exists alg B s.t.

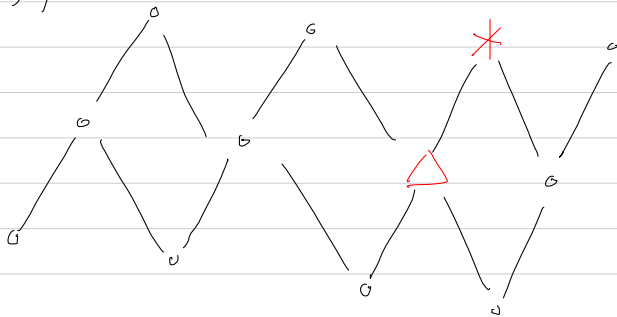
- $B \stackrel{\text{der}}{\sim} K\overline{\Delta'}$
- $\Lambda \cong T(B)_{\text{soc}P}$ where P : ind proj $T(B)$ -module. corresp to the new vertex

In particular Λ is rep-fm $\Leftrightarrow \Delta'$ is Dynkin diagram
 rep-tame $\Leftrightarrow \Delta'$ is Euclidean.

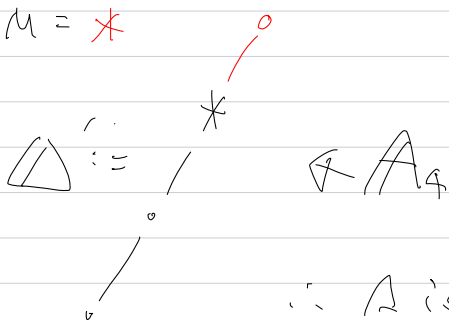
Example

$A \stackrel{\text{der}}{\sim} K A_3$

$S\Gamma(\text{mod } T(A))$

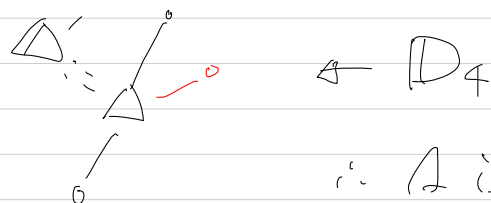


$M = *$



$\therefore \Lambda$ is rep-fm

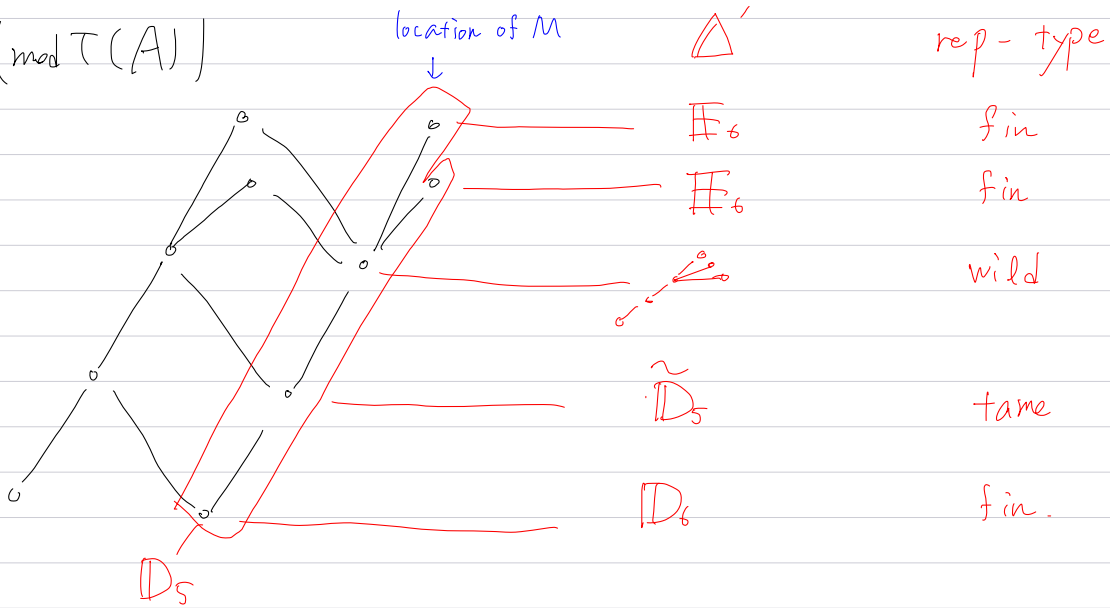
$M = \Delta$



$\therefore \Lambda$ is rep-fm

• Let $A \stackrel{\text{der}}{\sim} K \overline{D}_5$.

$\mathcal{P}(\text{mod } T(A))$



Rem

① [Boecklemer]: Classification of rep-fin gendo-symm $\text{End}(A \oplus M)$ with M : indec
 A : Brauer tree with non-trivial multiplicity.

② We also have the classification of rep-fin gendo-symm $\text{End}_A(A \oplus M)$ with M : indec
and A : modified Br.